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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
09/663,363 09/15/2000		Yoon Kean Wong	PALM-3303.US.P	2503	
7590 09/12/2006 Wagner Murabito & Hao L L P			EXAMINER FRENEL, VANEL		
,			3626		
			DATE MAILED: 09/12/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applica	ation No.	Applicant(s)				
			,363	WONG, YOON	KEAN			
Office Action Summary		Examir	ner	Art Unit				
		Vanel F	renel	3626				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communicated reply	ation appears on	the cover sheet with	the correspondence a	ddress			
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAINS IN THE M	ILING DATE OF 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no ication. tory period will apply and il, by statute, cause the	THIS COMMUNICA event, however, may a rep d will expire SIX (6) MONTH application to become ABAI	ATION.  ly be timely filed  IS from the mailing date of this NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	,			
Status								
1)[又]	Responsive to communication(s) filed	on <i>08 August 20</i>	06					
		)⊠ This action is						
=	,—							
,	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims							
4) 又	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-24</u> is/are pending in the application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
· -	Claim(s) <u>1-24</u> is/are rejected.							
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction	on and/or election	requirement.					
Applicati	on Papers							
9)□ .	The specification is objected to by the l	Examiner						
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim fo ☐ All  b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:		•	19(a)-(d) or (f).				
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	2. Certified copies of the priority do							
	3. Copies of the certified copies of			eceived in this Nationa	l Stage			
• •	application from the Internationa	· ·	• • • •					
* 8	ee the attached detailed Office action	for a list of the ce	ertified copies not re	eceived.				
Attach	<b>//</b> 0\							
Attachment	e of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Sur	mman/ (PTO 442)				
	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTC	D-948)	Paper No(s)/l	Mail Date				
3) 🔲 Inform	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) No(s)/Mail Date		5)  Notice of Info	rmal Patent Application				

Application/Control Number: 09/663,363 Page 2

Art Unit: 3626

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 8/8/06 has been entered.

## Notice to Applicant

2. This communication is in response to the RCE filed on 8/8/06. Claims 1, 9, 16 and 21 have been amended. Claims 1-24 are pending.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Goyal et al (5,873,108), Koyabu et al (6,026,333), Conmy et al (6,101,480) in view of Blasko et al (6,466,928).
- (A) (As per claim 1, Goyal teaches a computer implemented of automating categorization of data, comprising the steps of:

Page 3

determining a clock time of day (Goyal; abstract, col. 8, lines 35-38, and col. 11, lines 21-25) on a handheld computer (See Goyal, Col. 1, lines 17-34); determining a day of a week (See Goyal, Col.7, lines 66-67 to Col.8, line 46);

setting a default data category based upon the time clock of day, the day of the week and the time of day profile (Goyal; col. 11, lines 21-25).

Goyal fails to explicitly teach used for accessing stored data in the handheld computer and for storing entered data in the handheld computer at that clock time of day based on the real-time clock.

However, this feature is known in the art, as evidenced by Koyabu. In particular, Koyabu teaches used for accessing stored data in a computer and for storing entered data in the computer at that clock time of day based on the real-time clock (See Koyabu, Col.3, lines 65-67 to Co1.4, line 15).

One of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would have found it obvious to include the feature of Koyabu within the system of Goyal with the motivation of providing a computer readable medium which recorded with a computer program comprising a first step of holding plural pieces of data made to correspond to time (See Koyabu, Col.2, line 30-33).

In addition, Goyal and Koyabu fail to expressly teach referencing a time of day profile that correlates clock time of day information and day of week information with data categories stored on said handheld computer, wherein at least one data category is associated with a block of time corresponding to two or more days of said week.

However, these features are known in the art, as evidenced by Conmy. In

particular, Conmy teaches referencing a time of day profile that correlates clock time of day information and day of week information with data categories stored on said handheld computer, wherein at least one data category is associated with a block of time corresponding to two or more days of said week (See Conmy, Fig.9; Co1.8, lines 48-65; Co1.13, lines 6-16).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have included the features of Conmy within the combined teachings of Goyal and Koyabu with the motivation of enabling full group scheduling and mobile capabilities (e.g., via Lotus Domino 4.5), integration with the World Wide Web and intranets, as well as enhanced information management (See Conmy, Co1.2, line 5-8).

In addition, Goyal, Koyabu and Conmy do not explicitly disclose that the method having wherein the default data categories includes a business category during business times in days and a personal category during personal times in days.

However, this feature is known in the art, as evidenced by Blasko. In particular, Blasko suggests that the method having wherein the default data categories includes a business category during business times in days and a personal category during personal times in days (See Blasko, Col.9, lines 63-67 to Col.10, line 8).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have included the feature of Blasko within the collective teachings Goyal, Koyabu and Conmy with the motivation of providing an efficient and consistent way to

Application/Control Number: 09/663,363

Art Unit: 3626

present information to high level managers whose time may be limited (See Blasko,

Page 5

Col.1, lines 24-26).

- (B) As per claim 2, Goyal fails to expressly teach wherein the time of day profile correlates a clock time with at least one of a personal data category and a business category. However, this feature is old and well known in the art, as evidenced by Koyabu's teachings with regards to wherein the time of day profile correlates a time with at least one of a personal data category and a business category (Koyabu; col. 7, lines 35-53). It is respectfully submitted, that it would have been obvious, to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, to expand the system taught by Goyal with Koyabu's teaching with regards to this limitation, with the motivation of associating a time of day with at least one of a related personal data category and a business category (Koyabu; col. 1, lines 60-col. 2, line 5).
- (C) As per claim 3, Goyal teaches wherein the computer- implemented method is carried out within a personal information manager program operating on a programmed processor residing within a palmtop computer (Goyal; col. 3, lines 5060).
- (D) As per claim 4, Goyal teaches displaying only data categorized in the default data category and hiding information categorized in any other category (Goyal; figure 3 and Col. 11, lines 21-25).

- (E) As per claim 5, Goyal teaches entering data categorized in the default category (Goyal; col. 11, lines 28-31).
- (F) Claims 6 and 7 differ from 5 and 4, respectively, by reciting "providing an option to change the default data category to a selected data category." The combined system of Goyal and Koyabu collectively fail to expressly teach this limitation. However, since the combined system of Goyal and Koyabu collectively do teach providing an option of manually changing data categories (Goyal; col. 8, lines 31-46) the default data category is the initial data category where data can be entered, it is respectfully submitted, that it would have been obvious, to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, to expand the system taught by Goyal and Koyabu to provide an option to change the default data category to a selected data category, with the motivation of enabling the user to specify which data category should the data be entered in.
- (G) As per claim 8, Goyal teaches wherein the data comprises one of address book data, to-do list data, notes data, email data and calendar data (Goyal; col. 2, lines 40-56).
- (H) As per claim 9, Goyal discloses a handheld computer (See Goyal, Co1.1, lines 17-34), comprising the steps of: a programmed processor (See Goyal, Co1.3, lines 61-67); a personal information manager program operating on the programmed processor

(See Goyal, Fig.2, Co1.11, lines 21-54); a clock for determining a clock time of day (See Goyal, Fig.2 (213); Co1.8, lines 39-60); a calendar for determining a day of a week first program means (See Goyal, Col.9, lines 43-59), and second program means for setting a default data category for the personal information manager based upon the clock time of day, the day of the week, and the time of day profile (Goyal; col. 11, lines 21-25).

Goyal fails to explicitly teach used for accessing stored data in the palmtop computer and for storing entered data in the palmtop computer at that clock time of day.

However, this feature is known in the art, as evidenced by Koyabu. In particular, Koyabu teaches used for accessing stored data in the palmtop computer and for storing entered data in the palmtop computer at that clock time of day (See Koyabu, Co1.3, lines 25-67 to Co1.4, line 27).

One of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would have found it obvious to include the feature of Koyabu within the system of Goyal with the motivation of providing a computer readable medium which recorded with a computer program comprising a first step of holding plural pieces of data made to correspond to time (See Koyabu, Col.2, line 30-33).

In addition, Goyal and Koyabu do not explicitly disclose referencing a time of day profile that correlates clock time of day information and day of week information with data categories, wherein at least one data category is associated with a block of time corresponding to two or more days of said week.

However, these features are known in the art, as evidenced by Conmy. In particular, Conmy teaches referencing a time of day profile that correlates clock time of

day information and day of week information with data categories, wherein at least one data category is associated with a block of time corresponding to two or more days of said week (See Conmy, Fig.9; Co1.8, lines 48-65; Co1.13, lines 6-16).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have included the features of Conmy within the combined teachings of Goyal and Koyabu with the motivation of enabling full group scheduling and mobile capabilities (e.g., via Lotus Domino 4.5), integration with the World Wide Web and intranets, as well as enhanced information management (See Conmy, Co1.2, line 5-8).

In addition, Goyal, Koyabu and Conmy do not explicitly disclose that the handheld having wherein the default category is set to differentiate between business and personal hours of the day.

However, this feature is known in the art, as evidenced by Blasko. In particular, Blasko suggests that the handheld having wherein the default category is set to differentiate between business and personal hours of the day (See Blasko, Col.9, lines 63-67 to Col.10, line 8).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have included the feature of Blasko within the collective teachings Goyal, Koyabu and Conmy with the motivation of providing an efficient and consistent way to present information to high level managers whose time may be limited (See Blasko, Col.1, lines 24-26).

(I) Apparatus claims 10-15 repeat the subject matter of method claims 1, 2 and 4-8,

respectively as a set of apparatus elements rather than a series of steps. As the underlying processes of claims 1,2, and 4-8 have been shown to be fully disclosed by the teachings of Goyal, Koyabu and Conmy above in the rejection of claims 1,2, and 4-8, it is readily apparent that the system disclosed by Goyal, Koyabu and Conmy include the apparatus to perform these functions. As such, these limitations are rejected for the same reasons given above for method claims 1,2, and 4-8, and incorporated herein.

(J) As per claim 16, Goyal discloses an electronic storage medium containing instructions, which when carried out on a programmed processor, carry out the steps of:

determining a clock time of day (Goyal; abstract, col. 8, lines 35-38, and col. 11, lines 21-25) on a palmtop computer (See Goyal, Col. 1, lines 17-34); determining a day of a week (See Goyal, Col.7, lines 66-67 to Col.8, line 46); setting a default data category based upon the time clock of day, the day of the week and the time of day profile (Goyal; col. 11, lines 21-25).

Goyal fails to explicitly teach used for accessing stored data in the programmed processor and for storing entered data in the programmed processor at that clock time of day.

However, this feature is known in the art, as evidenced by Koyabu. In particular, Koyabu teaches used for accessing stored data in the programmed

processor and for storing entered data in the programmed processor at that clock time of day (See Koyabu, Co1.3, lines 65-67 to Co1.4, line 15).

One of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would have found it obvious to include the feature of Koyabu within the system of Goyal with the motivation of providing a computer readable medium which recorded with a computer program comprising a first step of holding plural pieces of data made to correspond to time (See Koyabu, Col.2, line 30-33).

In addition, Goyal and Koyabu do not explicitly teach referencing a time of day profile that correlates clock time of day information and day of week information with data categories on said palmtop computer, wherein at least one data category is associated with a block of time corresponding to two or more days of said week.

However, these features are known in the art, as evidenced by Conmy. In particular, Conmy teaches referencing a time of day profile that correlates clock time of day information and day of week information with data categories on said palmtop computer, wherein at least one data category is associated with a block of time corresponding to two or more days of said week (See Conmy, Fig.9; Co1.8, lines 48-65; Co1.13, lines 6-16).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have included the features of Conmy within the combined teachings of Goyal and Koyabu with the motivation of enabling full group scheduling and mobile capabilities (e.g., via Lotus Domino 4.5), integration with the World Wide Web and intranets, as well as enhanced information management (See Conmy, Co1.2, line 5-8). Goyal, Koyabu and Conmy do not explicitly disclose that the electronic storage medium having wherein the default data category establishes differences between business and personal hours of the day.

However, this feature is known in the art, as evidenced by Blasko. In particular, Blasko suggests that the electronic storage medium having wherein the default data category establishes differences between business and personal hours of the day (See Blasko, Col.9, lines 63-67 to Col.10, line 8).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have included the feature of Blasko within the collective teachings Goyal, Koyabu and Conmy with the motivation of providing an efficient and consistent way to present information to high level managers whose time may be limited (See Blasko, Col.1, lines 24-26).

- (K) Claims 17-20 differs from claims 1,2 and 8, 3, 6, 7, and by reciting the electronic storage medium. As per this limitation, Goyal system is implemented on a computer (See Goyal, Co1.3, lines 50-60). As such, Goyal implicitly includes computer elements such as a programmed computer readable-medium. The remainder of claims 17-20 repeat the limitations of claims 1-3 and 6-8, and are therefore rejected for the same reasons given above for claims 1-3 and 6-8.
- (L) As per claim 21, Goyal discloses a computer- implemented method of

Application/Control Number: 09/663,363

Art Unit: 3626

automating categorization of data, comprising the steps of: determining a current time of day (Co1.8, lines 35-38; Col.11, lines 21-25)on a palmtop computer (See Goyal, Col. 1, lines 17- 34); determining a day of a week (See Goyal, Co1.7, lines 66-67 to Co1.8, line 46);

setting a default data category based upon said current time of day, the day of the week, and said time of day profile (Goyal, Co1.11, lines 21-25).

Goyal fails to teach performing actions only within said default data category in a computer at that clock time of day.

However, this feature is known in the art, as evidenced by Koyabu. In particular, Koyabu teaches performing actions only within said default data category in a computer at that clock time of day (See Koyabu, Co1.3, lines 65-67 to Col.4, line 15).

One of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would have found it obvious to include the feature of Koyabu within the system of Goyal with the motivation

of providing a computer readable medium which recorded with a computer program comprising a first step of holding plural pieces of data made to correspond to time (See Koyabu, Col.2, line 30-33).

In addition, Goyal, Koyabu and Conmy do not explicitly teach referencing a time of day profile that correlates clock time of day information and day of week information with data categories on said palmtop computer, wherein at least one data category is associated with a block of time corresponding to two or more days of said week.

However, these features are known in the art, as evidenced by Conmy. In particular, Conmy teaches referencing a time of day profile that correlates clock time of

Application/Control Number: 09/663,363 Page 13

Art Unit: 3626

day information and day of week information with data categories on said palmtop computer, wherein at least one data category is associated with a block of time corresponding to two or more days of said week (See Conmy, Fig.9; Co1.8, lines 48-65; Co1.13, lines 6-16).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have included the features of Conmy within the combined teachings of Goyal, Koyabu and Young with the motivation of enabling full group scheduling and mobile capabilities (e.g., via Lotus Domino 4.5), integration with the World Wide Web and intranets, as well as enhanced information management (See Conmy, Co1.2, line 5-8).

- (M) As per claim 22, Goyal discloses the method wherein actions is taken from a list consisting of: creating a data entry (Col.3, lines 50-67 to Co1.4, line 32); editing a previously created data entry (Col.7, lines 31-67); retrieving said previously created data entry (Co1.7, lines 31-67); displaying data in said previously created data entry (Col.4, lines 47-64); and querying said default data category (Col.9, lines 43-67 to Co1.10, line 24).
- (N) As per claim 23; Goyal discloses the method wherein said current time of daycomprises: current time information (Col.4, lines 41o64); current day of the week information (Col.4, lines 41-67 to Col.5, lines 49-67); current month of the of the year

information (Co1.4, lines 41-67 to Col.5, lines 49-67); and current year informatio (Col.4, lines 41-67 to Co1.5, lines 49-67).

(O) As per claim 24, Goyal discloses the method further comprising: changing said default data category to another data category for performing actions only within said another data category (Co1.5, lines 49-67 to Co1.6, line26).

## Response to Arguments

- 5. Applicant's arguments filed 8/8/06 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant's arguments will be addressed hereinbelow in the order in which they appear in the response filed 8/8/06.
- (A) At pages 8-12 of the 8/8//06 response, Applicant argues that the newly added features in the 8/8/06 amendment are not taught or suggested by the applied references.

In response, all of the limitations which Applicant disputes as missing in the applied references, including the features newly added in the 8/8/06 amendment, have been fully addressed by the Examiner as either being fully disclosed or obvious in view of the collective teachings of Goyal, Koyabu, Conmy and Blasko, based on the logic and sound scientific reasoning of one ordinarily skilled in the art at the time of the invention, as detailed in the remarks and explanations given in the preceding sections of the present Office Action and in the prior Office Action, and incorporated herein. One cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections

are based on combinations of references. See In re Keller, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); In re Merck & Co., 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986).

In addition, the test for obviousness is not whether the features of a secondary reference may be bodily incorporated into the structure of the primary reference; nor is it that the claimed invention must be expressly suggested in any one or all of the references. Rather, the test is what the combined teachings of the references would have suggested to those of ordinary skill in the art. See In re Keller, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981).

#### Conclusion

6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The cited but not the applied art teaches object synchronization between objects stores on different computers (6,633,924).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Vanel Frenel whose telephone number is 571-272-6769. The examiner can normally be reached on 6:30am-5:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Joseph Thomas can be reached on 571-272-6776. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 09/663,363

Art Unit: 3626

Page 16

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Carohyn Bleck Patent Examiner 9/5/06

**V.F** V.F

September 3, 2006